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Bible Study

January 31, 2024

A STUDY OF PRAYER

BACKGROUND: HABAKKUK 3:1-19

LESSON 3

Part III: The Prayer

PRAYER

- Involves the <u>dialogue</u> between God and people, especially his covenant partners.
- Dialogue: conversation, discussion, chat, talk, discourse, negotiation
- Pervasive throughout the bible.

Old Testament:

- Israel is a nation born of prayer.
 - o Abraham heard God's call Genesis 12:1-3
 - o God heard the cries of the Hebrew children Exodus 3:7
 - Moses conversed with God Exodus 3:1-4:17
 - o Moses interceded for Israel Exodus 32:11-12; Numbers 11:11-15
 - Joshua via prayer discerned sin in the conquest community Josh. 7:6-9; but was tricked when he did not discern God's opinion by prayer Joshua 9.
 - o God spoke to the Judges to deliver His people when the people called out to Him for deliverance.
 - David's spiritual acumen seen in prayers of confession 2 Sam 2:13; Psalm 51
 - Solomon fulfilled the promises made to David after praying for wisdom 1 Kings 3:5-9 and dedicated Temple in prayer 1 Kings 8
 - o God worked miracles through the prayers of Elijah and Elisha (1 Kings 17:19-22: 18:20-40

Lessons from prayer about praying

What we learn by studying Old Testament Prayers

- The writing prophets noted that genuine prayer calls for <u>accompanying moral and social accountability</u>. (Hosea 7:14; Amos 4:4-5)
- Isaiah's call reflected the intense cleansing and commitment involved in prayer (Isaiah 6)

Bible Study: A Study of Prayer

- Jeremiah's <u>dialogue and intercession</u> frequently voiced <u>reservation and frustration</u> (Jeremiah 1; 20:7-18), teaching <u>honesty</u> in prayer.
- The Psalms teach variety and honesty in prayer are permissible:
 - o proclaim praise
 - o ask pardon
 - o seek communion (Psalm 63)
 - o protection (Psalm 57)
 - o vindication (Psalm 107)
 - o healing (Psalm 6)
- Daily patterned prayer became important to Exiles denied access to the Temple (Dan. 6:10)

Patterns of Prayer

ACTS

- Adoration (Hallowing His Name)
- Confession (Asking forgiveness)
- Thanksgiving (Expressing gratitude)
- Supplication (Presenting petitions)

Review Questions

- A. What does Habakkuk's name mean?
- B. What were the two questions that Habakkuk asked God?
- C. How did he feel about the Lord's response to the first question?
- D. What is your thoughts about God's response to him in Habakkuk 2:4?
- E. What are the five woes that burdened Habakkuk?
- F. Read Habakkuk's prayer in chapter 3.
 - a. What are some of his concerns?
 - b. How does he reconcile his issues?
 - c. How does his prayer speak to your head or your heart?
- G. Who were the two prominent figures greatly inspired by the book of Habakkuk?
- H. How did the impact of this book become evident in the life or in the life of the church?
- I. What is prayer?

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